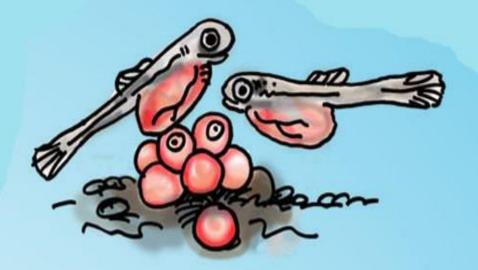
#### **ADULTS SPAWN**

Female digs a redd in natal stream. Eggs, the size of a small pea, are fertilized and parents die, producing important nutrients.







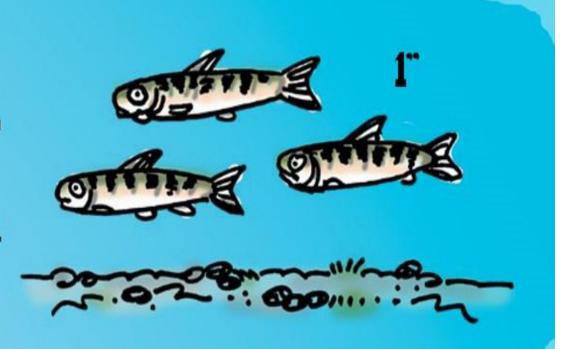
#### EGGS HATCH. ALEVIN DEVELOP

Eggs hatch in freshwater in 3-4 months. **Alevin** hang out in the redd until developed into fry.

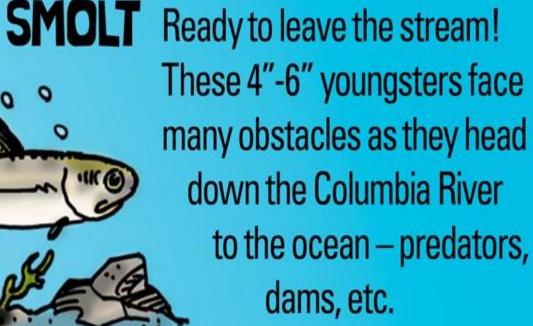


### FRY ARE SMALL

Fry stay in their natal waters for about one year.



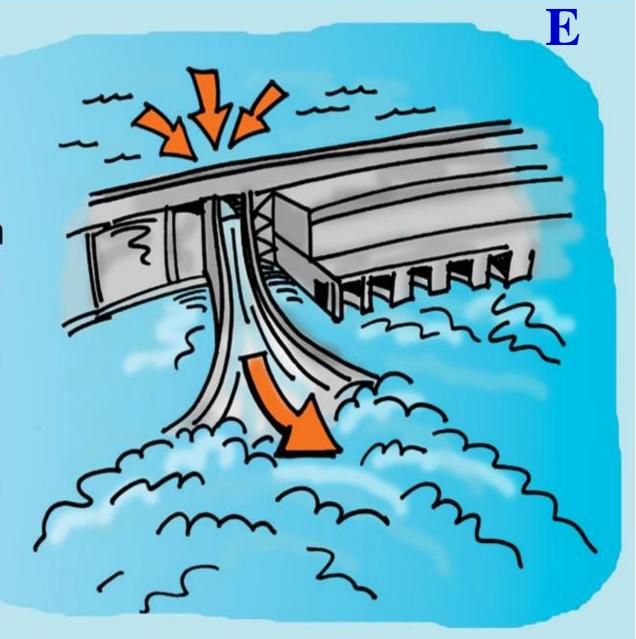






#### WANAPUM DAM

Most Smolts go down the slide as they leave their natal stream.







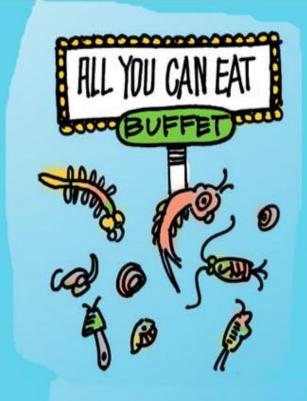
#### ESTUARY STAGE

Time to get used to salty water.









#### OCEAN DWELLERS

Zooplankton, krill, invertebrates, small crustaceans, other fish are on the menu.







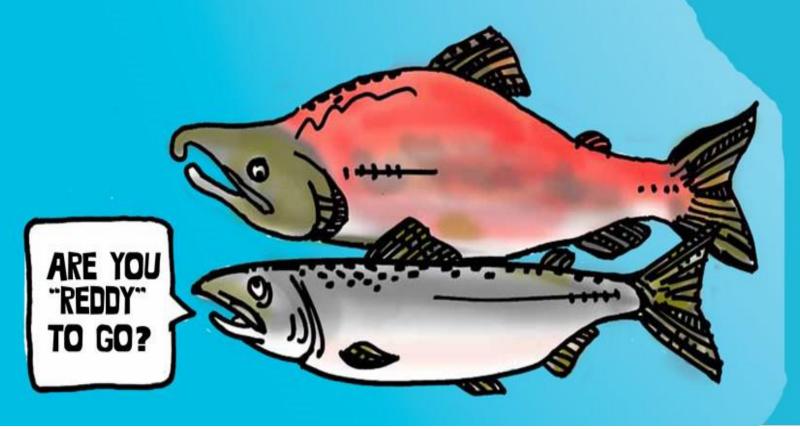
#### HEAD FOR HOME

The epic journey begins after 2-5 years of packing on the pounds. Salmon stop eating on their trip home.

T

Return to estuary: Of the five species of Pacific Salmon only Sockeye change from silver to red in freshwater to prepare for finding a mate and spawning.





# THE NOSE KNOWS

Salmon smell their way home.





## WANAPUM AND PRIEST RAPIDS DAMS

Adults go up the ladder, designed to be similar to natural rapids, to return to their natal stream.





K



Exhausted, thin salmon return to their natal stream to spawn. And the cycle begins again.



